EU special

In time of flux, EU loyal to founding principles

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It is a pleasure to address the readers of The Japan Times on the occasion of Europe Day, the day in 1950 when then-French Foreign Minister Robert Schuman set out a vision for a more united Europe to banish the specter of war from the continent.

This year is a particularly meaningful one for those who follow the history of the European project: On March 25, the European Union marked 60 years since the signing of the Treaty of Rome, the first step toward a united Europe. We have since enjoyed decades of unprecedented peace, prosperity and security. The contrast to the first half of the 20th century could not be

However, we are living in unpredictable times, as recent political events around the



world have shown. In Europe itself, the U.K. has given formal notice that it would leave the EU. Amid such great uncertainty, the 60th anniversary is an opportunity not only to reaffirm our commitment to the

values and objectives on which the European project is founded, but to also take pragmatic and ambitious steps forward, to make the EU stronger and more resilient through even greater unity and solidarity.

In Japan, the completion of the Chinese zodiac calendar's 60-year cycle is seen as a time to celebrate past achievements and usher in a new stage of life. I find this kanreki, a concept of rebirth, very much reflects where the EU is at this moment in time.

Some things will certainly remain unchanged even after the U.K. withdraws from the EU. We will still be the world's second-largest economy and its biggest development and humanitarian aid donor. The EU will also continue to be a key player on the world stage, standing up for our core values such as democracy, multilateralism and respect for human rights.

In achieving these objectives, we are happy to have a strategic partner in Japan,

which is also firmly committed to these values. The two sides are working with renewed vigor to pursue both a strategic partnership agreement and a free trade agreement in the hope of concluding them as quickly as possible and thus taking this already fruitful bilateral relationship to a new level.

Together with the EU member states, we continuously expand our relationship with Japan, while also putting much time and effort into fostering grass-roots ties, through a wide range of projects such as our annual EU Film Days festival and European Higher Education Fair. We are cooperating closely with Japan in the area of gender equality, trying to ensure that women have the same chances in politics or business as men. It is not only the right thing to do; it is the smart thing to do, especially in an age of rapid innovation and



I am confident that our Japanese friends will continue to see the EU as a reliable and committed partner, so that we can redouble our collective efforts to strengthen the bilateral relationship and work together to maintain and strengthen the global order

complacent. The European Commission has

itself identified a raft of issues including an

aging and shrinking population, long-term

unemployment and the impact of climate

change and new technologies, that must be

Europe: It would be familiar to any analyst

of the Japanese economy, too. However, we

have more in common than just that. The EU

and Japan share a significant trade relation-

ship—the EU ranks as Japan's third-largest

trading partner while, for the EU, Japan ranks

sixth. We also share a set of common values,

such as respect for the environment and the

we share a deep need to succeed as providers

of top-quality goods and services in a fiercely

rule of law; and — to remain prosperous —

Of course, this list of issues is not unique to

addressed for the future to remain bright.

Federica Mogherini (left), EU high representative for foreign affairs and security policy, receives a lei of origami cranes from a student on April 11, 2016, after laying a wreath at Peace Memorial Park in Hiroshima during her participation in the G-7 foreign ministers'

Working together to strengthen, broaden bilateral trade



CHAIRMAN, EUROPEAN BUSINESS COUNCIL

2017 promises to be a significant year for the European Union. On top of major elections in several member states and the start of the Brexit negotiations, the union is also celebrating the 60th anniversary of the signing of the Treaty of Rome.

The treaty was significant and a landmark: the first concrete step in a process to create an economic and political partnership in Europe that would bring peace and prosperity to a region hitherto troubled with conflict and instability. Amid all the noise and turmoil of the present day, it is easy to forget the enormity of the treaty's ambition and to underestimate its great achievement. Today many EU citizens take their personal freedom for granted, while enjoying unprecedented levels of health, wealth and security. The truth is,



there is much to celebrate.

The European business community joins in the celebrations. Companies operating in the EU — domestic and foreign — benefit enormously from its single market, its predictable, transparent rules and regulations and its open and expansive trade policy. Even so, this is no time for the EU to be

competitive world. The sharing of so much common ground offers the EU and Japan a unique platform to achieve a mutual free-trade agreement/

economic partnership agreement capable of further growing the success and stability of our economies. A sufficiently ambitious and comprehensive agreement will allow us to overcome obstacles in our mutual trade; enable us to develop more competitive companies and products; and, at a time when protectionism threatens to stifle the very engines of economic growth, to lead and send a strong signal of support for fair and consistent rules and standards at the global level.

This is an agreement that Japan and the EU truly need. Starting negotiations in March 2013 and, four years and 18 rounds of negotiations later, tremendous progress has been made — but it is not enough. That is why the European Business Council in Japan has been urging Prime Minister Shinzo Abe and EU leaders to ensure the negotiations reach a successful conclusion by the end of 2017. In what is already a significant year, an EU-Japan FTA/ EPA would really be something to celebrate!

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European leaders, including European Council President Donald Tusk and European Commis-

sion President Jean-Claude Juncker, take part in celebrations for the 60th anniversary of the

signing of the Treaty of Rome in March. EUROPEAN UNION

